Table II. Diastereoselective Intramolecular Michael Addition of Homoallylic $O$-Carbamates 4

| substrate |  |  |  |  | conditions ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | product |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| entry | $\mathrm{R}^{1}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{3}$ | 2,3 double bond |  | ratio $^{\text {b }}$ 5:6 | \% yield ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| 1 | 4a, Me | H | Me | E | $\mathrm{NaH}, 1 \mathrm{~h}$ | 10:1 | 53 |
| 2 | 4b, 3-butenyl | H | Me | $E$ | $\mathrm{NaH}, 1.5 \mathrm{~h}$ | 10:1 | 70 |
| 3 | 4c, Me | H | Me | $Z$ | $\mathrm{NaH}, 1 \mathrm{~h}$ | >20:1 | 70 |
| 4 | 4d, Me | $t$-OBu | Et | $E$ | KOBu-t, 13 min | 7:1 | 91 |
| 5 | 4e, Me | OAc | Et | $E$ | KOBu-t, 2 min | 19:1 | 52 |
| 6 | 4f, Me | OTBDMS | Et | $E$ | KOBu-t, 10 min | 36:1 | 90 |

${ }^{a}$ Carried out in anhydrous THF with 1.0 equiv of $\mathrm{KO}-t$-Bu-t $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ or with 1.5 equiv of NaH (room temperature). ${ }^{b}$ Product diastereomer ratio determined by $200-\mathrm{MHz}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectroscopy. ${ }^{c}$ Yield of isolated mixture of 5 and 6 .

2,5 ), and by use of the $Z$ olefin $1 \mathbf{c}, \mathbf{2 c}$ was formed almost exclusively (entry 4). These results suggest that the reaction is occurring under kinetic control.

Homoallylic carbamates 4 also cyclized smoothly to 6 -membered cyclic carbamates $5^{9}$ with high 1,3 -syn asymmetric induction ${ }^{11}$ in moderate to good yields (eq 2, Table II): ${ }^{10} Z$ double

bond 4 c also improved the stereoselectivity greatly (entry 3 ) but to a lesser extent as compared with the case of 1c. 1,3-Diastereoselectivity was affected by an additional substituent $\left(\mathrm{R}^{2}\right)$ at the $\gamma$-position. $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ in the anti disposition to the $\delta$-carbamate increased 1,3 -syn-diastereoselectivity as expected (entries 5, 6), except in the reaction of $4 \mathrm{~d}\left(\mathrm{R}^{2}=\mathrm{O}-t\right.$-Bu, entry 4$)$. The unexpected decrease of selectivity in $\mathbf{4 d}$ may reflect severe gauche interactions around the bulky tert-butoxyl group in the transition state.

A useful feature of these reactions is that either stereoisomer of amine derivatives can be synthesized in a specific manner from

[^0]a common diol by proper choice between $\gamma$-and $\delta$-hydroxyl groups as a carbamoyl group carrier, as is exemplified by the eq 3. In

the competitive cyclization between allylic and homoallylic carbamate groups of the biscarbamate 1d, the former added with greater selectivity ( 1,2 -syn) to afford the 1,3 -anti amino alcohol 2d (Table I, entry 5). On the other hand, $\mathbf{5 f}(1,3-\mathrm{syn})$ was obtained from the homoallylic carbamate $4 f$ (Table II, entry 6 ).

Further studies are in progress to evaluate the scope of this methodology and its application to stereoselective synthese of 3 -amino-2,3-dideoxyhexoses will be reported in due course.

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Registry No. 1a, 94944-18-0; 1b, 94944-19-1; 1c, 94944-20-4; 1d, 94944-21-5; 2a, 94944-22-6; 2b, 94944-23-7; 2d, 94956-24-8; 3a, 94944-24-8; 3b, 94944-25-9; 3d, 94956-25-9; 4a, 94944-26-0; 4b, 94944-27-1; 4c, 94944-28-2; 4d, 94944-29-3; 4e, 94944-30-6; 4f, 94944-31-7; 5a, 94944-32-8; 5b, 94944-33-9; 5d, 94944-34-0; 5e, 94944-35-1; 5f, 94944-36-2; 6a, 94944-37-3; 6b, 94944-38-4; 6d, 94944-39-5; 6e, 94944-40-8; 6f, 94944-41-9.

Supplementary Material Available: Spectroscopic data for the compounds $1,2,4$, and 5 ( 9 pages). Ordering information is given on any current masthead pages.

## Additions and Corrections

## Free Radical Rearrangement Involving the 1,2-Migration of a Thioester Group. Model for the Coenzyme $\mathbf{B}_{12}$ Dependent Me-thylmalonyl-CoA Mutase Reaction [J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1984, 106, 8319-8321]. Susan Wollowitz and Jack Halpern* <br> Page 8319: Formula 4 should read <br>  <br> 4

Page 8320: Formula 9 should read



[^0]:    (9) (a) $O$-Carbamates ( 1,4 , and 7) were synthesized directly from the corresponding alcohols by the known procedure from $\mathrm{ClSO}_{2} \mathrm{NCO}$ (Graf, R. Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl. 1968, 7, 172) or $\mathrm{CCl}_{3} \mathrm{CONCO}{ }^{4 c, 6 \mathrm{a}}$ (b) Satisfactory spectral data and elemental analyses were obtained on all compounds reported herein.
    (10) (a) Minor diastereomers were not separated from major ones. (b) Unequivocal stereochemical assignments for $\mathbf{2 d}$, $\mathbf{5 d}$, 5f, and 6d were made by their transformations to the respective, known 3-amino-2,3,6-trideoxyhexoses.
    (11) Completely different approach to syn-1,3 amino alcohols was recently reported. See: Narasaka, K.; Ukaji, Y. Chem. Lett. 1984, 147.

